# American Health Network Bone and Spine Standard Rotator Cuff Repair Protocol Dr. Aaron Coats

**Philosophy:** This protocol is designed to serve as a guide for the clinician to rehabilitate a patient following standard rotator cuff repair procedures. Time frames allow for optimal healing, and should be used as criteria for advancement along with a patient's functional ability.

### Phase I (0-4 weeks)

#### Goals

- 1. Decrease pain
- 2. Protect repair and educate patient regarding rotator cuff repair precautions
- 3. Full PROM all directions with exception of IR
- 4. Independent with home exercise program
- 5. Initiate scapular awareness exercises

#### **Precautions:**

- 1. No active abduction, or external rotation for 6 weeks
- 2. Must wear sling at all times except with HEP/rehab for 4 weeks
- 3. No passive IR stretching for 4 weeks

#### **Exercises Phase I**

- 1. PROM for flexion, scaption, and external rotation
- 2. Grade II, III glenohumeral mobilizations anterior, inferior, and posterior directions
- 3. Manual scapular resistance exercises
- 4. Codman's all directions
- 5. Active elbow flexion, and extension
- 6. Gripping exercises for the hand
- 7. Cervical AROM all directions
- 8. Educate family on performing PROM for home if appropriate
- 9. Modalities PRN

### Phase II (4-8 weeks)

#### Goals

- 1. Decrease pain
- 2. Full PROM all directions
- 3. Initiate AROM with patient aware of upper trapezius substitution pattern

#### Precautions

- 1. No resisted abduction or external rotation for six weeks post op
- 2. When strengthening is initiated- use exercise bands only for the first 4 weeks (no free weights)
- 3. Avoid abnormal scapular substitution patterns with initiation of active motion

#### Exercise Phase II

#### Weeks 4-6

# Theraband only for strengthening, no weights

- 1. Continue PROM, and initiate AAROM for flexion, abduction, ER, and IR
- 2. Scapular strengthening exercises (with bands)
- 3. Band resistive exercises for IR, and extension
- 4. Band resistive exercises for biceps and triceps
- 5. Continue to maintain cervical AROM all directions
- 6. Can perform lower extremity strengthening and cardiovascular exercises that are nonstressful to the shoulder
- 7. Trunk stabilization exercises

### Weeks 6-8

# Theraband only for strengthening, no weights

- 1. Initiate band resisted exercises for external rotation and abduction
- 2. Perform AROM for flexion, and scaption with emphasis on scapular awareness to minimize the upper trap influence
- 3. Initiate light resistance exercises in all scapular planes

Note: all strengthening should be performed below 90 degrees elevation until normal scapular rhythm and sufficient rotator cuff strength is achieved.

# Phase III (8-12 weeks)

# Goals

- 1. Achieve full AROM all directions
- 2. Minimal to no shoulder pain with ADL's
- 3. Improved strength in rotator cuff, and scapulothoracic muscles
- 4. Normal scapulohumeral rhythm with active motions

### **Exercise Phase III**

# Week (8-12)

- 1. Continue PROM and joint mobilization PRN
- 2. Continue strengthening of deltoid, cuff, and scapulothoracic musculature
- 3. Initiate proprioceptive training
- 4. Initiate closed chain exercises
- 5. Initiate active PNF patterns concentrating on technique, with gradual progression to resistive PNF patterns
- 6. Trunk stabilization/strengthening

# Phase IV (12-20weeks)

### Goals

- 1. Normal strength, endurance, and power
- 2. Return to full ADL's and recreational activities

### **Exercise Phase IV**

# Week (12-20)

- 1. Stretching PRN
- 2. Continue rotator cuff and scapulothoracic strengthening with following progression:
  - a. Prone scapular program
  - b. Integrate functional patterns
  - c. Increase speed of movements
  - d. Integrate kinesthetic awareness drills into strengthening program
  - e. Progress closed chain dynamic stability activities
- 3. Continue trunk and lower extremity strengthening

\*Note: At four months may begin tennis ground stroke/ batting/ return to golf program if sufficient strength exists.

# Phase V (20-32 weeks)

### Goals

1. Return to normal activity without restriction

#### Exercises

- 1. Stretching PRN
- 2. Continue rotator cuff, scapulothoracic, and trunk strengthening program
- 3. Plyometric medicine ball program
- 4. Initiate throwing program
- 5. Initiate progressive replication of demanding ADL/ work activities.